



A REVIEW ON THE UTILITY OF CYANO KETENE S,S AND N,S ACETALS IN HETEROCYCLIC SYNTHESIS

Mona E. Farhan

*Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Zagazig University,
Postal Code: 44519, Zagazig, Egypt
E-mail:MonaFarhan@zu.edu.eg*

Abstract

This review article describes synthesis and cyclization reactions of cyano ketene *N*, *S* and *S*, *S*-acetals as a building unit for the synthesis of a wide variety of fused and five-to seven-membered heterocycles such as: pyrazoles, thiazole, thiadiazoles, thiophene, triazole, pyridines, pyrimidines, azepines and quinazoline.

Keywords: ketene *N*, *S*, ketene *S*, *S*-acetals, thiadiazoles, thiophene, triazole, pyridines,

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I. Introduction

In recent years, along with increasing reports on the chemistry of ketene *S*, *S* and *N*, *S*-acetals as an active area in push-pull alkenes, which bear electron-donating groups like mercapto SH, alkylthio (S-Me), or arylamino groups (NH-Ar) and cyano (CN) as accepting group at both termini of a C=C double bond, respectivelyⁱ⁻ⁱⁱⁱ. There has been an increasing wealth of information about the synthesis and applications of ketene *N*, *S*-acetals as the second generation of versatile intermediates derived from ketene *S*, *S*-acetals via replacement of an alkylthio group by aromatic amines^{iv-vii}. The characteristics of ketene *S*, *S* and *N*, *S*-acetals make them versatile and easy to use, especially in cyclization and multicomponent reactions for the synthesis of various heterocyclic systems and related natural products^{viii, ix}. In the present review, we give an overview on the chemistry of ketene *S*, *S* and *N*, *S*-acetals.

II. Synthesis of cyano ketene S, S acetals

The reaction of cyano active methylene compounds **1** with carbon disulfide in the presence of basic medium (Scheme 1 and Table 1) e.g: KOH, NaH and MeONa, alcohol e.g: MeOH, EtOH and methylating agent e.g: MeI and $(CH_3)_2SO_4$ afforded acyclic cyano ketene S, S acetals derivatives **2(a-n)**^{x-xxii}.

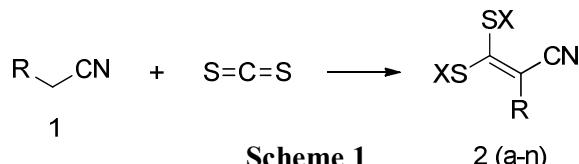
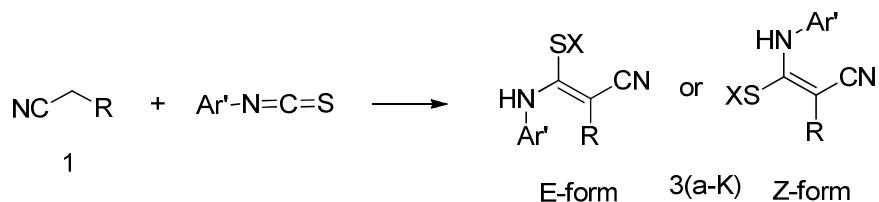


Table 1: Synthesis of cyano ketene S, S acetals derivatives **2(a-n)**.

2	R	X	2	R	Ar	X
a	CN	Me	h		2-MeOC ₆ H ₄	Me
b	CN	K ⁺	i		HOOC-	Me
c		Me	j		p-CH ₃ OPh	Me
d		K ⁺	k		-	Na ⁺
e		Me	l		-	K ⁺
f		Me	m		-	K ⁺
g		Me	n	-	-	Na ⁺

III. Synthesis of Ketene N, S acetal derivatives:

Cyano ketene N,S acetals derivatives **3(a-K)** in (*Z*- form) or (*E*- form) were obtained by the reaction of active methylene compounds **1** with isothiocyanates in the presence of basic medium e.g: KOH (Scheme 2 and Table 2) and solvent e.g: dioxane, DMF and methylating agent e.g: MeI and $(CH_3)_2SO_4$ ^{x,xiv,xxiii-xxvii}.

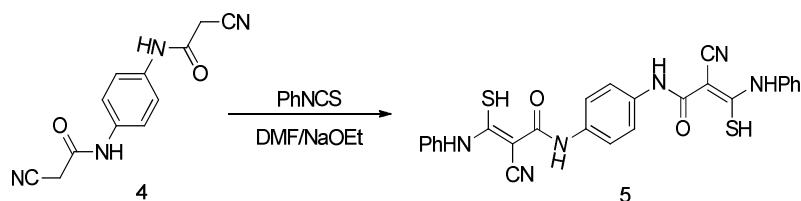


Scheme 2

Table 2:Synthesis of cyano ketene N,S acetals derivatives **3(a-K)**

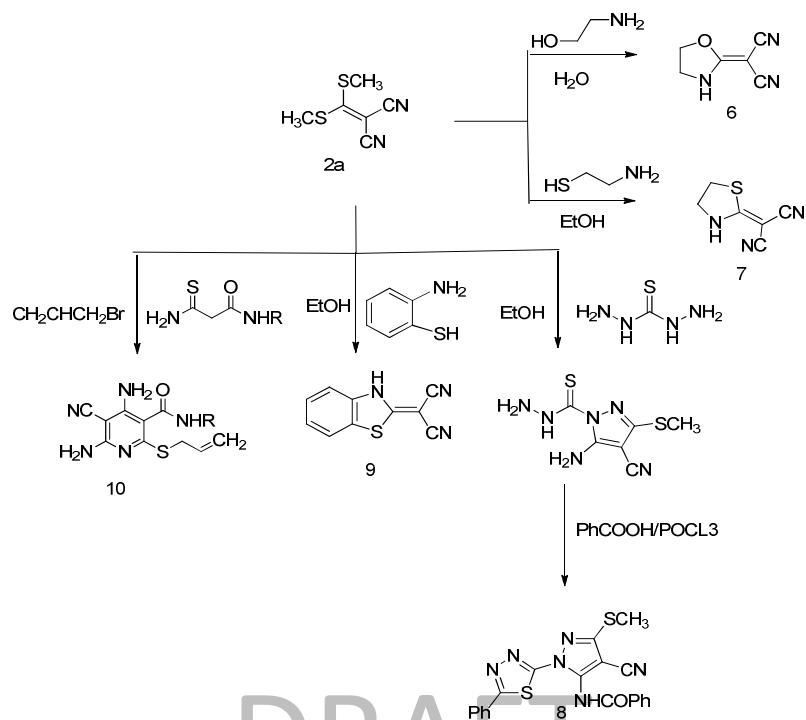
3	R	Ar'	X	3	R	Ar	Ar'	X
a	CN	Ph	Me	g		-	Ph	K ⁺
b		Ph-CO	H	h			Ph	K ⁺
c		Ph	Me	i		<i>p</i> -CH₃OPh	Ph	K ⁺
d		Ph	Me or Et	j		-	-	K ⁺
e		Ph	H	k		-	Ph	H
f		Ph	K ⁺	-	-	-	-	-

Hantzsch and Webersynthesized N, N'-(1,4-phenylene) bis(2-cyanoacetamide)**4**^{xxviii} then reacted with phenyl isothiocyanate in dry DMF at room temperature in basic medium to give cyano ketene N,S acetal derivatives**5**^{xxix} as shown in (Scheme3).

**Scheme 3**

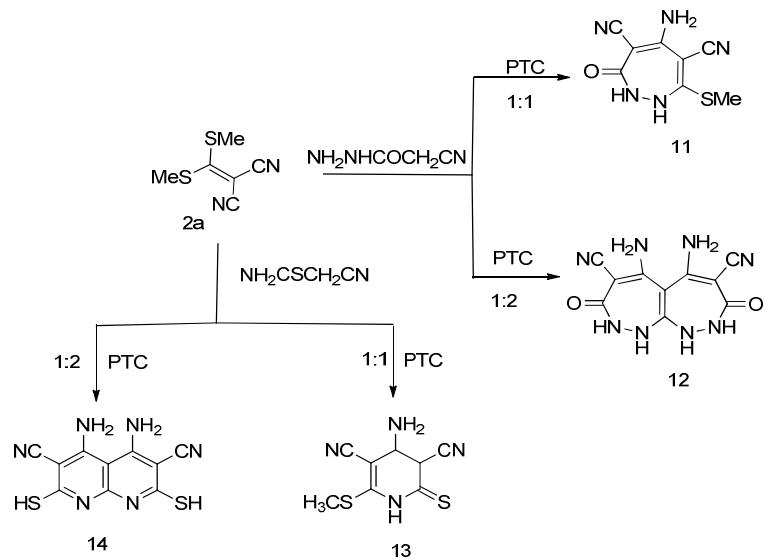
IV. Cyclization of cyano Ketene S,S acetals:

Reaction of ketene S,S acetal **2a** with 2-aminoethanol,2-aminoethanethiol, thiocarbohydrazide then treated with PhCO₂H/POCl₃,thioxopropanamides derivative then the addition of allyl bromide and 2-aminobenzenethiol afforded 2-(oxazolidin-2-ylidene)malononitrile**6**^{xxx}, 2-(thiazolidin-2-ylidene)malononitrile**7**^{viii},5-benzoylamino-3-methylthio-1-(5-phenyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)pyrazole-4-carbonitrile**8**^{xxxi},2-(benzo[d]thiazol-2(3H)-ylidene)malononitrile**9**^{ix} and 2-allylsulfanyl-substituted pyridine-3-carboxamides**10**^{xxii}(Scheme 4).



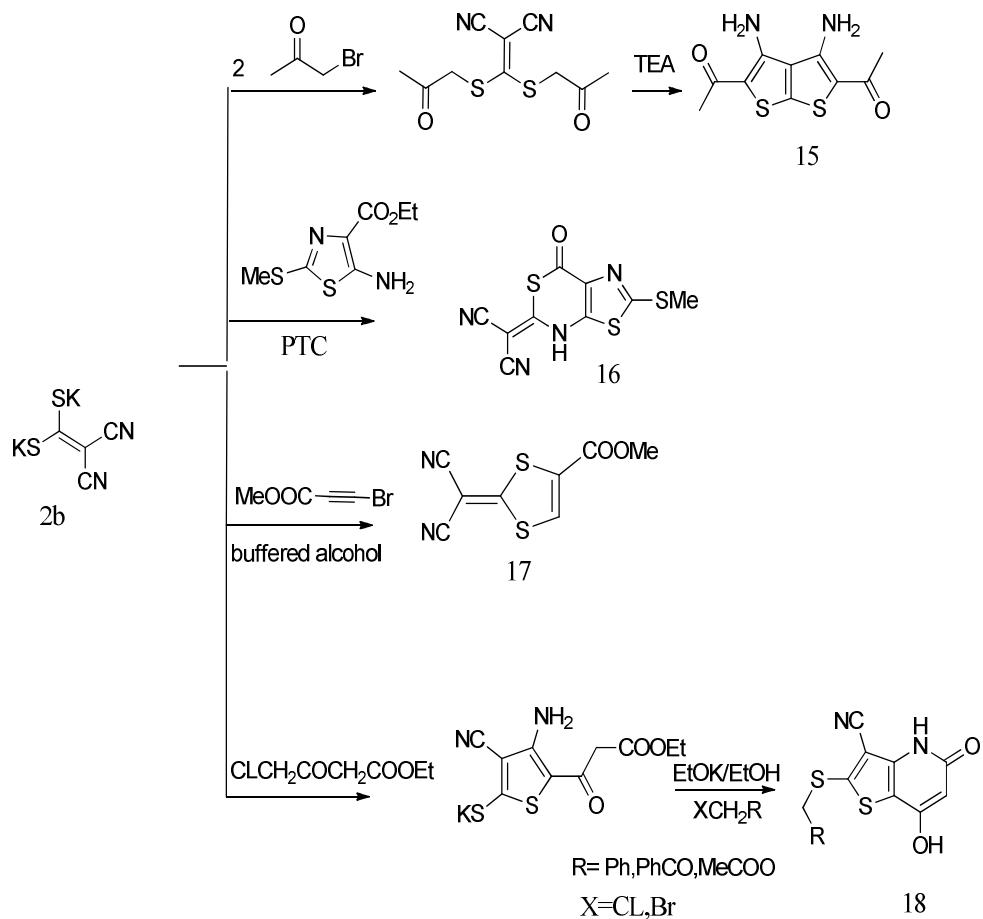
Scheme 4

Compound 2-(bis(methylthio)methylene) malononitrile **2a** was allowed to react with cyano acetohydrazide in 1:1 or 1:2 molar ratio under phase transfer catalysis (PTC) conditions to get the corresponding azepine **11** or bis 1,2-diazepine derivatives **12**^{xiii} and also, **2a** with cyanothioacetamide in equimolar ratio 1:1 or in 1:2 molar under PTC conditions to give the corresponding pyridines **13** and 1,8-naphthyridines **14**^{xiii} (Scheme 5).



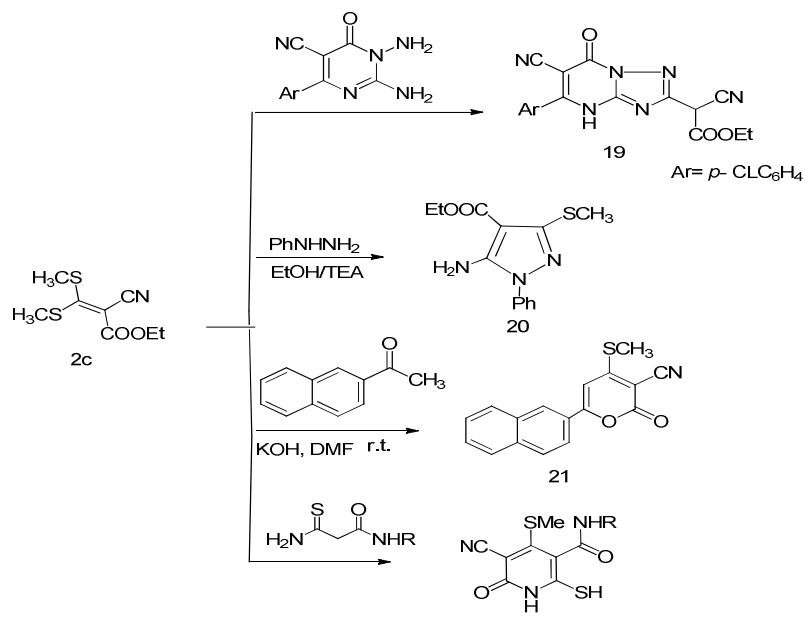
Scheme 5

Reaction of Dithiolate **2b** with 2 equivalent of 1-bromopropan-2-one, ethyl 5-amino-2-(methylthio)thiazole-4-carboxylate, activated haloacetylenes and 4-chloroacetoacetic ester then treated with alkyl halides afforded 3,4-diamino-2,5-S-diacyl thieno[2,3-b]thiophene derivatives **15**^{xxxii}, 2-(2-methyl sulfanyl)-7-oxo-4,7-dihydro thiazolo [5,4-d][1,3] thiazin-5-ylidene)-malononitrile **16**^{xxxiii}, methyl 2-(dicyano methylene)-1,3-dithiole-4-carboxylate **17**^{xxxiv} and 2-(alkylthio)-7-hydroxy-5-oxo-4,5-dihydrothieno[3,2-b]pyridine-3-carbonitrile **18**^{xvii} (Scheme 6).



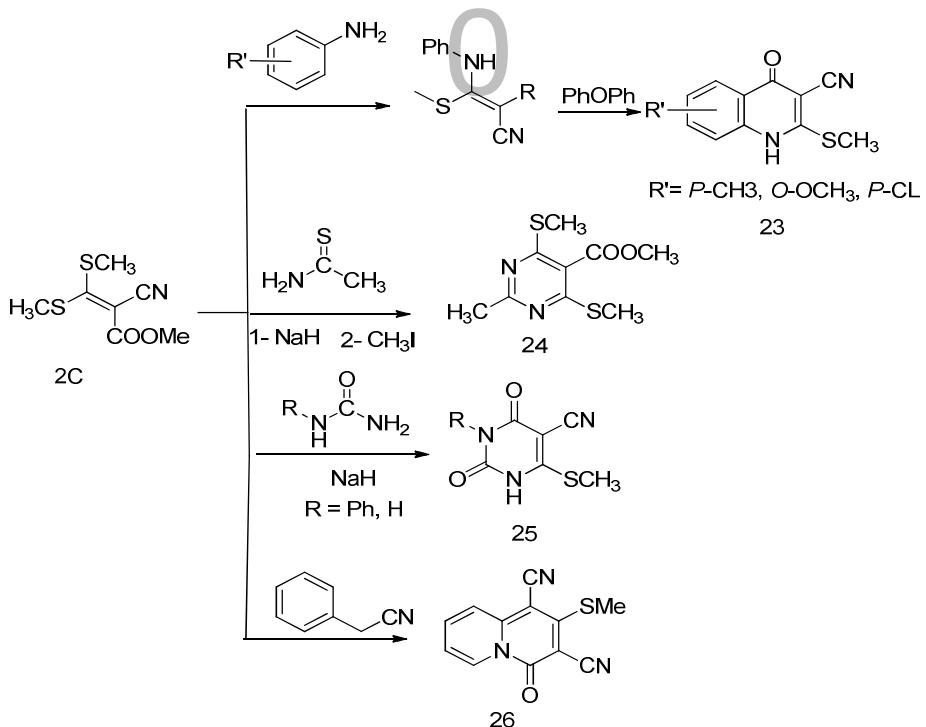
Scheme 6

Triazolopyrimidine derivative **19**^{xxxv}, pyrazole derivative **20**^{xxxvi}, 4-(methylthio)-6-(naphthalen-2-yl)-2-oxo-2H-pyran-3-carbonitrile **21**^{xxxvii} and nicotinic acid amides **22**^{xxii} were synthesized by the reaction of cyano ketene S,S acetal **2C** with diamino pyrimidine derivative, phenyl hydrazine, acetonaphthalene and thioxopropanamide derivative (Scheme 7).



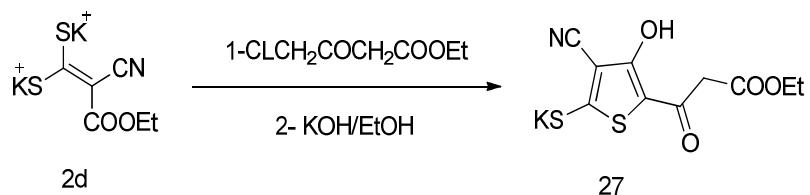
Scheme 7

Ketene dithioacetal **2C** created with arylamines then heated with diphenyl ether, thioacetamide, urea or/and N-phenyl urea and 2-pyridine acetonitrile gave 2-(methylthio)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydro quinoline-3-carbonitrile **23**^{xxxviii}, methyl 2-methyl-4,6-bis(methylthio)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate **24**^{xxxix}, uracil derivative **25**^{xxxix} and quinolizinone derivatives **26**^{xl} (Scheme 8).



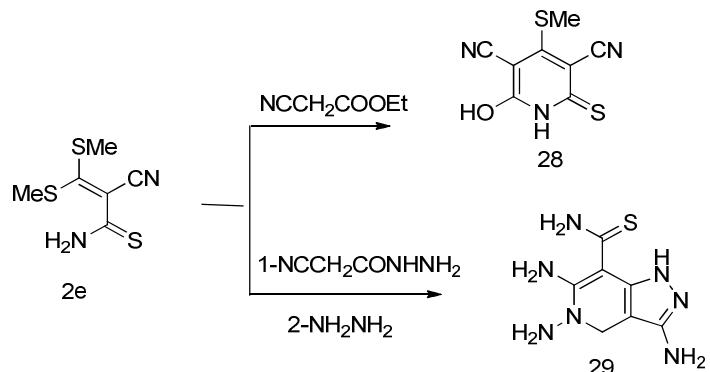
Scheme 8

Reaction of dipotassium salt of ketene S,S acetal **2d** with ethyl 4-chloroacetoacetate, then KOH led to formation 3-hydroxythiophenes derivative **27^{xli}**(Scheme 9).



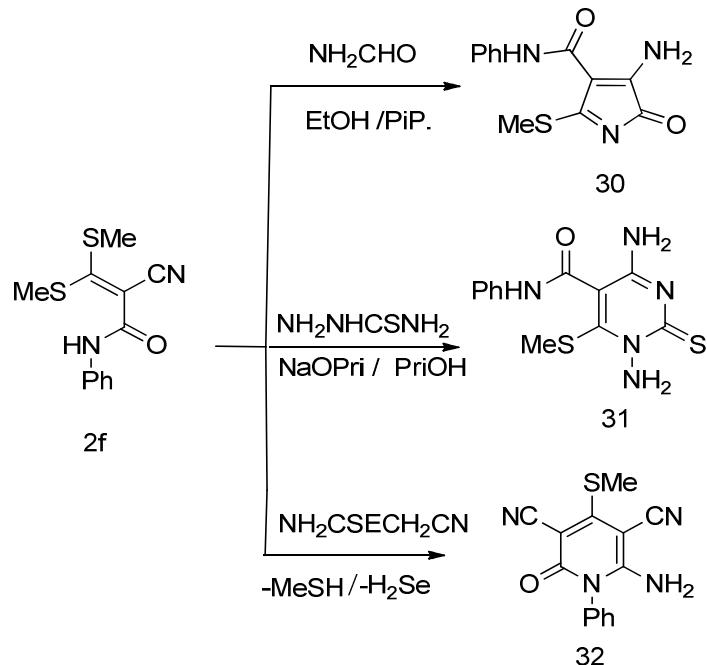
Scheme 9

Compoundketene dithioacetal **2e**reacted with ethylcyanoacetate and also, with cyanoacetohydrazide then hydrazine in ethanol gave methyl thiopyridine- 2(*H*)-thiones **28^{xi}** and pyrazolo [4,3-*c*]pyridin-2-one derivatives**29^{xi}**(Scheme 10).



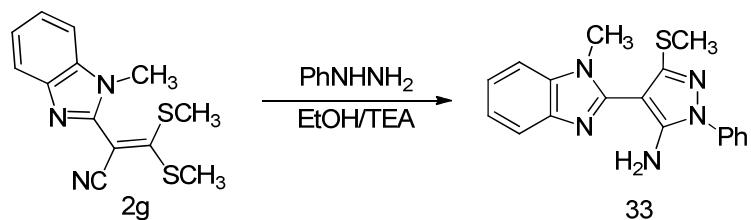
Scheme 10

Elgemeieet al reacted ketene dithioacetals **2f**with formamide in ethanol,thiosemicarbazide in sodium isopropoxide containing catalytic amounts of piperidine and cyanoselenoacetamide afforded the corresponding 5-methylthiopyrrol-2-one derivative**30^{xi}**, 6-methylthio-1-amino pyrimidine-2-thione derivatives**31^{xi}** and dihydropyridine derivatives**32^{xi}** (Scheme 11).



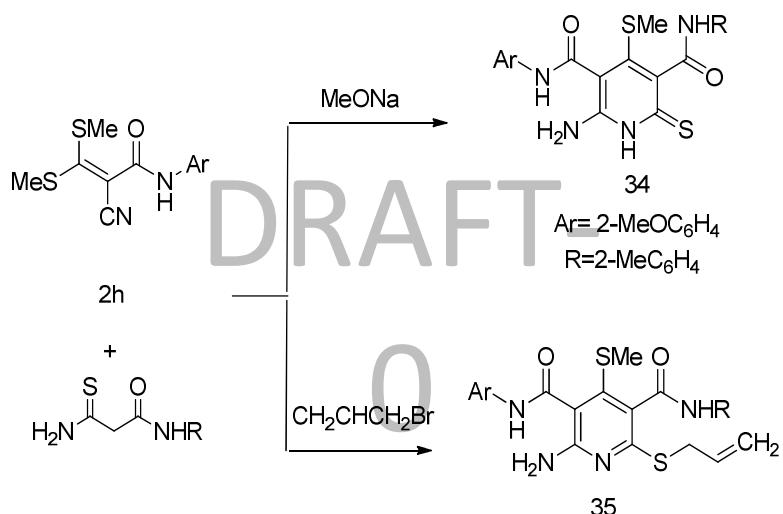
Scheme 11

Benzoimidazole ketene S,S acetal derivatives **2g** with phenylhydrazine gave 4-(1-methyl-1*H*-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)-3-(methylthio)-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-amine **33**^{xvi} (Scheme 12).



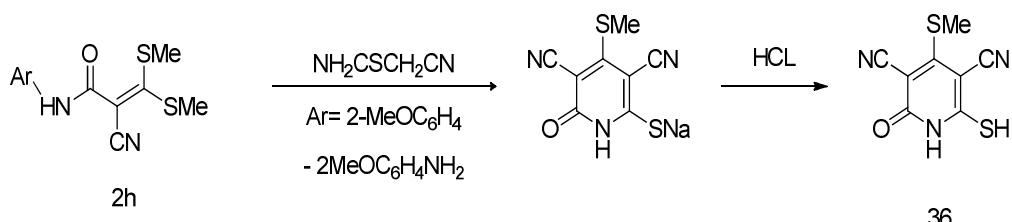
Scheme 12

Dyachenko et al showed that the reaction of ketene S,S-acetal **2h** with thioxopropanamide derivative in the presence of sodium methoxide and in the presence of allyl bromide in anhydrous methanol afforded 2-allylsulfanyl-substituted pyridine **34**^{xxii} and substituted 6-amino-4-methylsulfanyl-2-thioxo-N₃,N₅-diaryl-1,2-dihydropyridine-3,5-dicarboxamides **35**^{xxii} (Scheme 13).



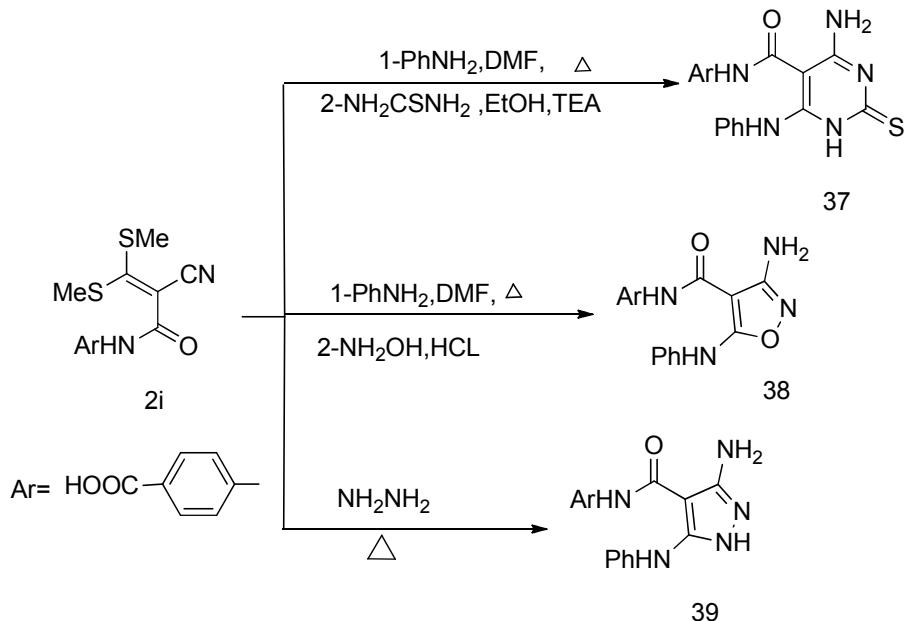
Scheme 13

Reaction of compound ketene S,S-acetal **2h** with cyanothioacetamide then treated with hydrochloric acid afforded dihydropyridine derivatives **36**^{xi, xxii, xlvi} (Scheme 14).



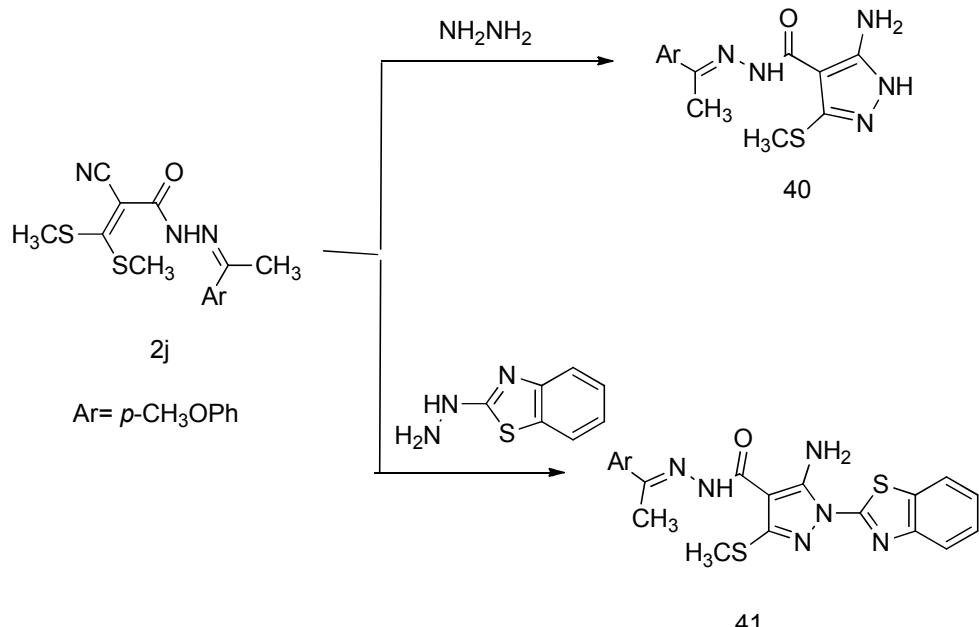
Scheme 14

Reaction of katene S,S acetal²ⁱ with aniline then with thiourea in DMF, hydroxyl amine hydrochloride and sodium carbonate in ethanol and hydrazine hydrate afforded pyrimidine³⁷, isoxazole³⁸ and pyrazole derivatives³⁹^{xix}(Scheme 15).



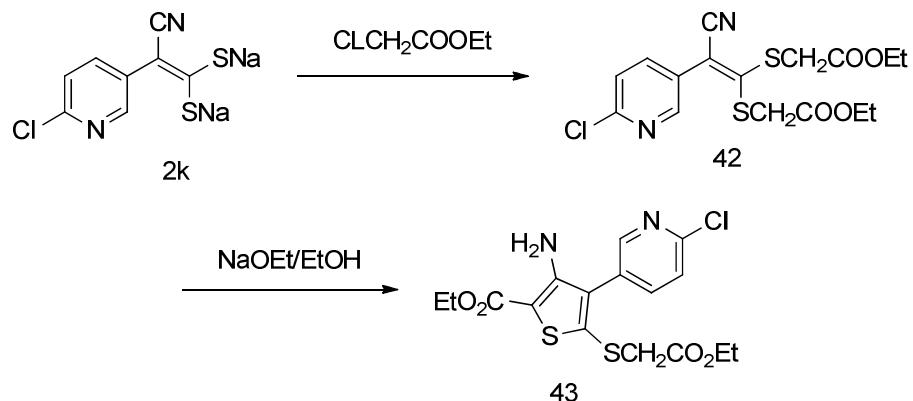
Scheme 15

Cyclocondensation of Ketene S,S-dithio-acetals^{2j} derivatives with hydrazine derivatives such as: hydrazine hydrate and 2-hydrazino-1,3-benzothiazole afforded the corresponding 5-(methylthio)1H-pyrazole-4-carbohydrazide **40**^{xx} and **41**^{xx}, respectively (Scheme 16).



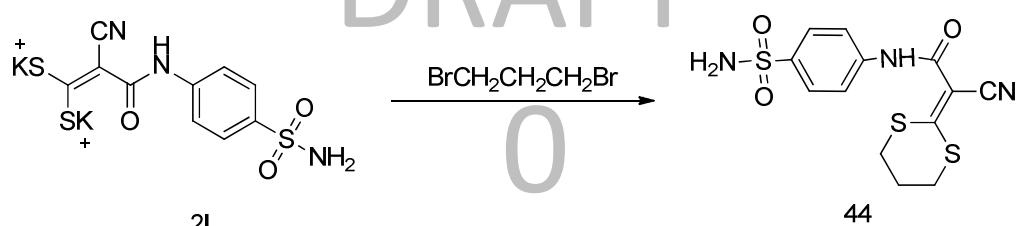
Scheme 16

Reaction of 2-chloropyridine ketene S,S-acetal **2k** with ethyl chloroacetate gave diethyl 2,2'-((2-(6-chloropyridin-3-yl)-2-cyanoethene-1,1-diy)bis(sulfanediyl))diacetate **42** then treated with sodium ethoxide furnished ethyl 3-amino-4-(6-chloropyridin-3-yl)-5-((2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl)thio)thiophene-2-carboxylate **43**^{xiii} (Scheme 17).



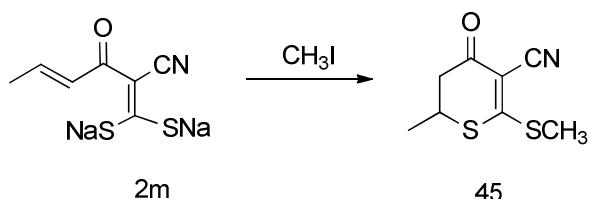
Scheme 17

Potassium 2-cyano-3-oxo-3-((4-sulfamoyl-phenyl) amino) prop-1-ene-1,1-bis(thiolate) **2l** with 1,3-dibromopropane afforded the *N*-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]-2-cyano-2-(1,3-dithian-2-ide)acetamide **44**^x (Scheme 18).



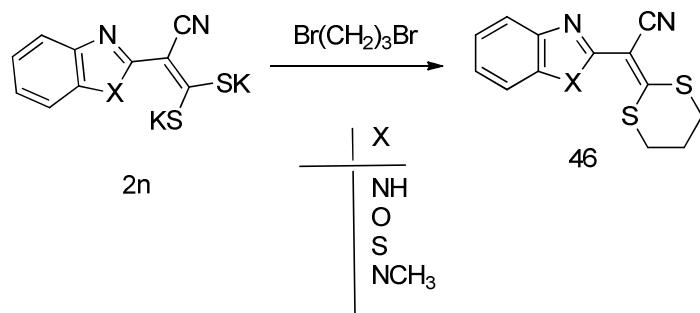
Scheme 18

Treatment of sodium (E)-2-cyano-3-oxohexa-1,4-diene-1,1-bis(thiolate) **2m** with methyl iodide afforded 2-methyl-6-(methylthio)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-thiopyran-5-carbonitrile **45**^{xii} (Scheme 19).



Scheme 19

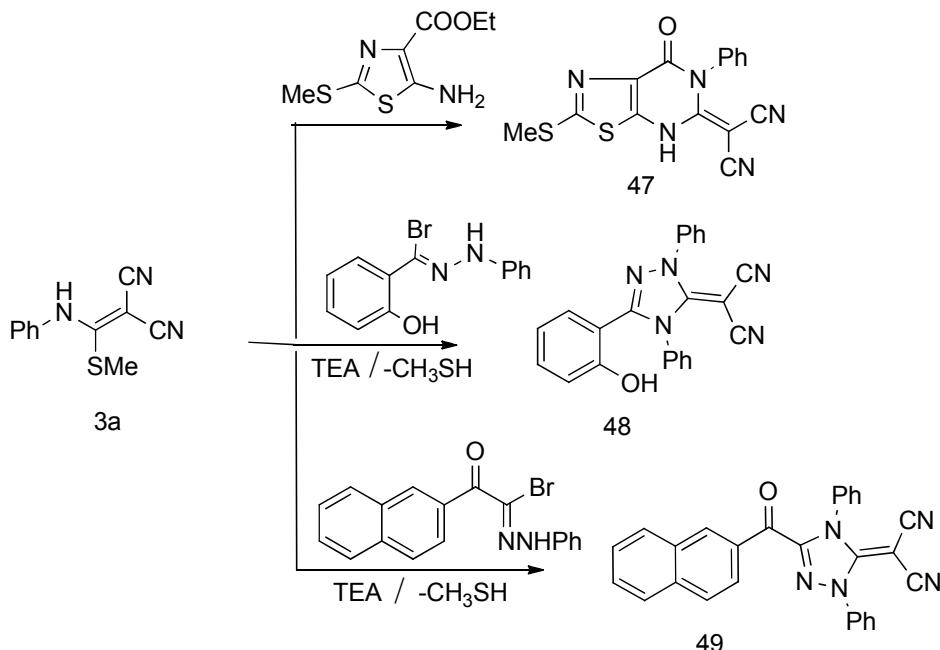
Reaction of 2-[benzazolyl-(2)]-3, 3-bis-(alkylthio)-acrylonitriles **2n** with dibromopropane afforded 1,3-dithiane derivatives **46** in a good yield^{xxi} (Scheme 20).



Scheme 20

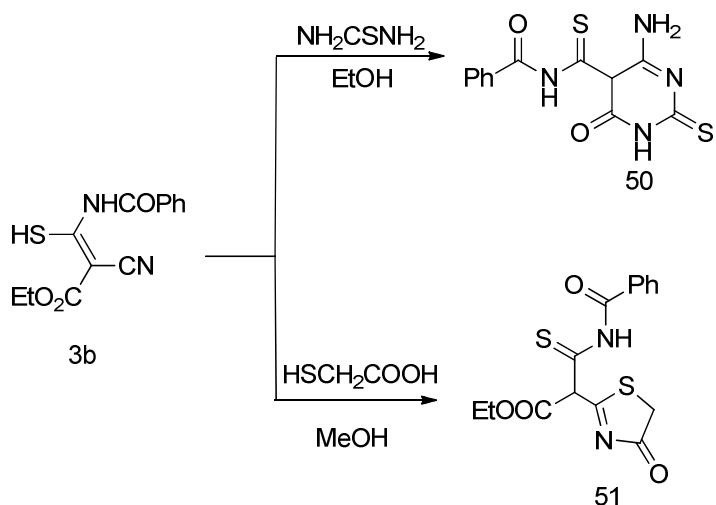
V.Cyclization acyclic cyano Ketene N,S- acetals:

Reaction of cyano ketene N,S acetal **3a**(Z-form) derivatives with 5-amino-2-methylsulfanyl-thiazole-4-carboxylic acid ester ethyl, hydrazonoyl bromide and 2-(2-phenylhydrazone)-2-bromo-1-(naphthalene-2-yl) ethanone gave the corresponding 2-(2-meth-ylsulfanyl-7-oxo-6-phenyl-6,7-dihydro-4H-thiazolo[5,4-d]pyrimidin-5-yl-idene) malononitrile **47**^{xxxiii}, 1,2,4-triazole derivatives **48**^{xliv} and **49**^{xliv}, respectively (Scheme 21).



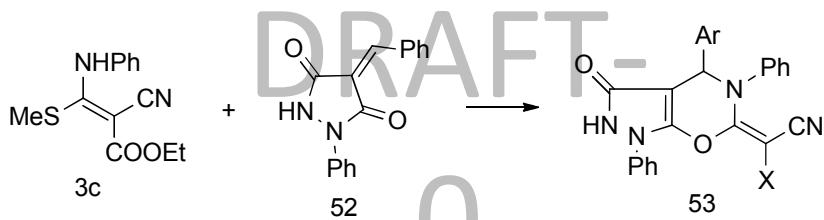
Scheme 21

Reaction of Ketene N,S (Z-form) **3b** reacted with thioglycolic acid and thiourea afforded pyrimidine **50**^{xxv} and thiazole derivatives **51**^{xlv} (Scheme 22).



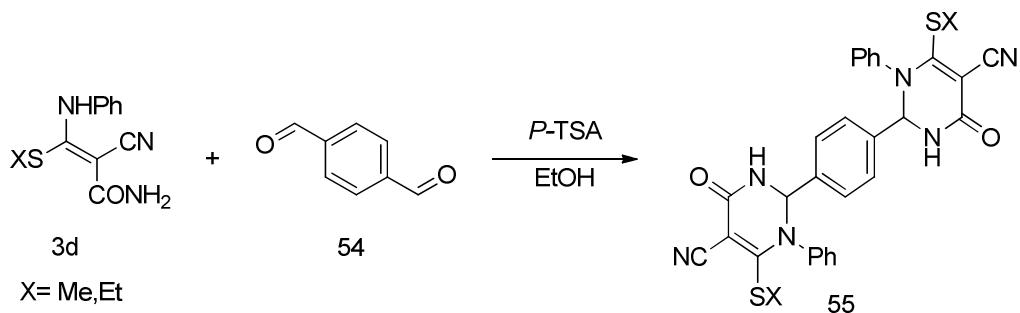
Scheme 22

Activated nitriles N,S-acetals (Z-form) **3c** reacted with 4-Arylidene-1-phenyl-3,5-pyrazoline diones **52**^{xlvii} which reacted with to give pyrazolino-1,3-oxazine derivatives **53**^{xlviii} (Scheme 23).



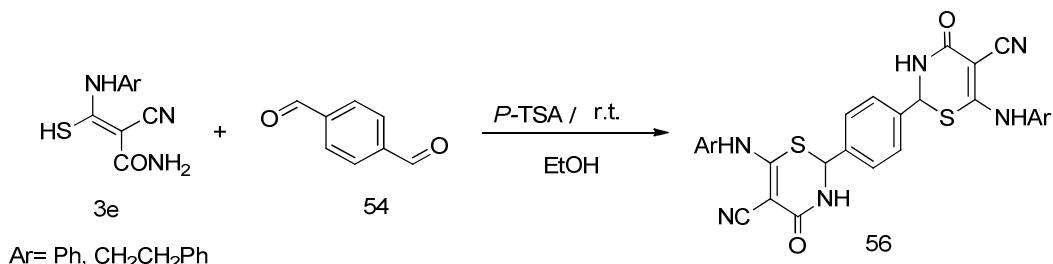
Scheme 23

Reaction of 2 equivalents of Ketene N,S acetal **3d** (Z-form) with terephthalaldehyde **54** by reflux gave 2,2'-(1,4-phenylene) -bis(6-(alkylthio)-4-oxo-1-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidine-5-carbonitrile) **55**^{xlviii} (Scheme 24).



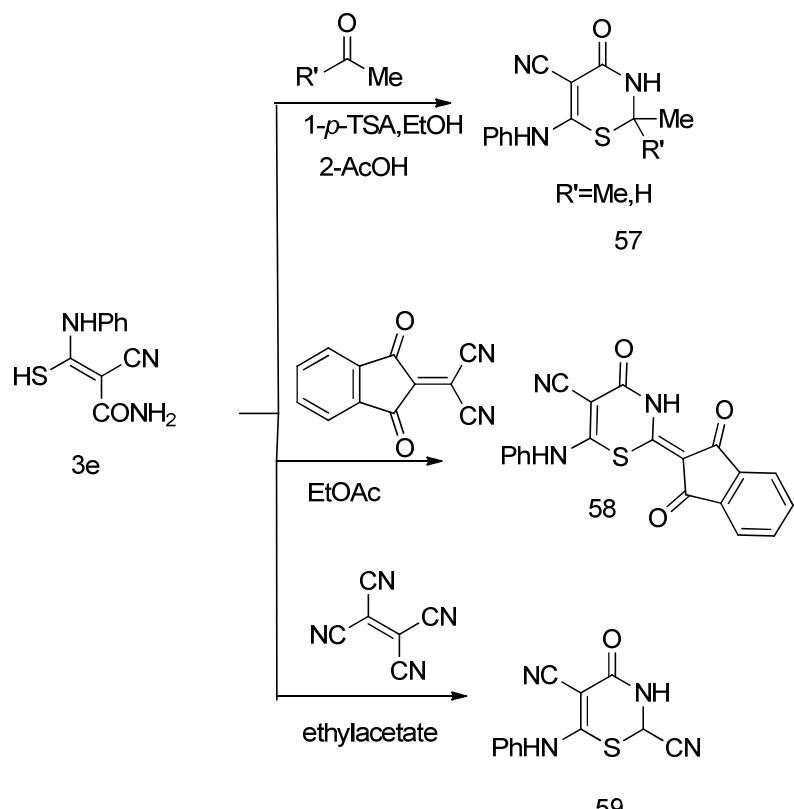
Scheme 24

Reaction of 2 equivalents of Ketene N,S acetal **3e** (Z-form) with terephthalaldehyde **54** at room temperture 2,2'-gave (1,4-phenylene)bis(6-(alkylamino)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,3-thiazine-5-carbonitrile)**56**^{dix,l} (Scheme 25).



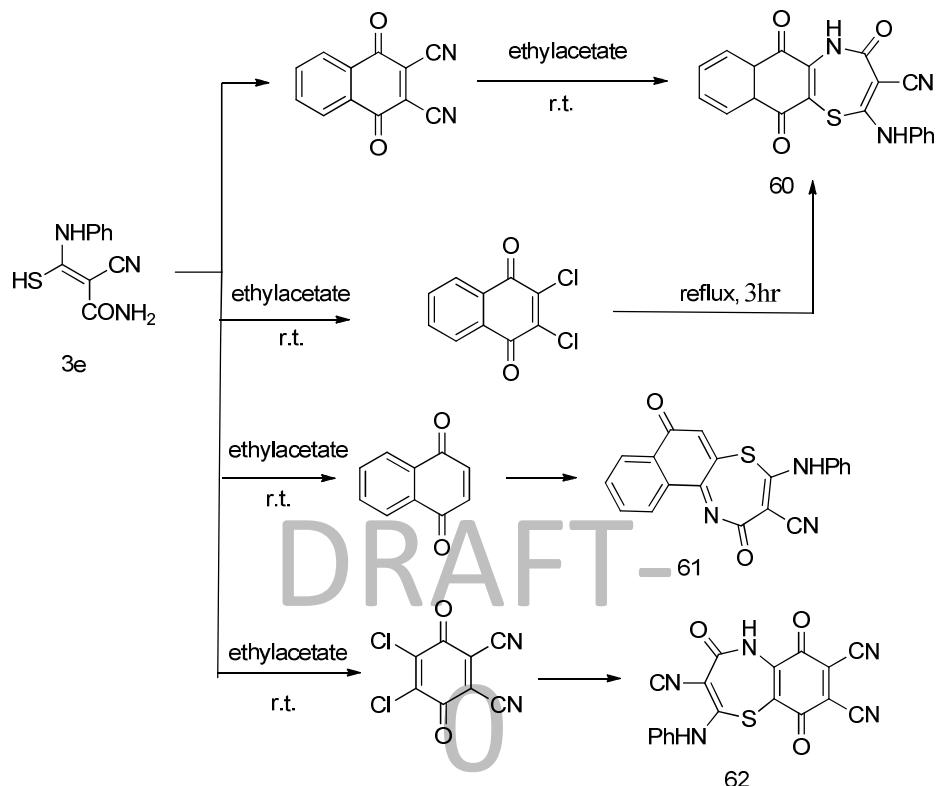
Scheme 25

Thiazine **57**, **58** and **59** derivatives were synthesized by cyclocondensation of 3-alkyl (aryl) amino-2-cyano-3-mercaptopropanamides **2e** (Z- form) with aldehydes or ketones in boiling ethanol using *p*-TSA or in glacial acetic acid^{li} or with 2-(dicyanomethylidene)-indane-1,3-dione in the presence of ethyl acetate under reflux conditions^{lii-lv}(Scheme 26).



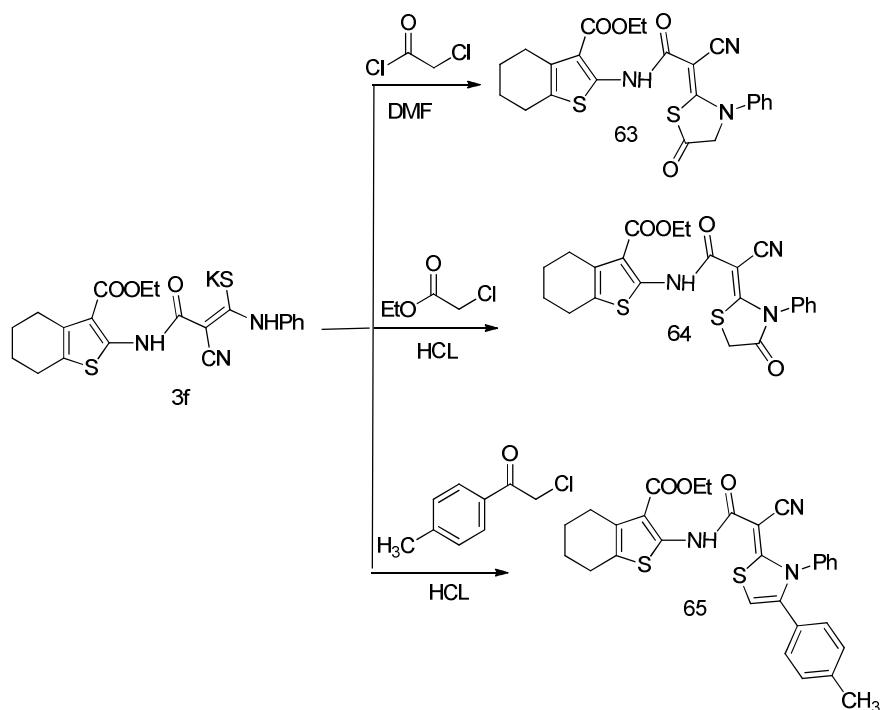
Scheme 26

Reaction of 2,3-dicyano-1,4-naphthoquinone, 2,3-dichloro-1,4-naphthoquinone and 1,4-naphthoquinone in dry ethyl acetate afforded 4,6,11-trioxo-2-(phenyl amino)-4,5,6,11-tetrahydronaphtho [2,3-*b*][1,4]thiazepine-3-carbo nitrile **60**, 2,7-dioxo-4- (phenylamino)-2,7-dihydronaphtho[2,1-*b*][1,4]thiazepine-3-carbonitrile **61** and 4,6,9-trioxo-2-(phenylamino)-4,5,6,9-tetrahydrobenzo[*b*][1,4]thiazepine-3,7,8-tricarbonitrile **62**ⁱⁱⁱ(Scheme 27).



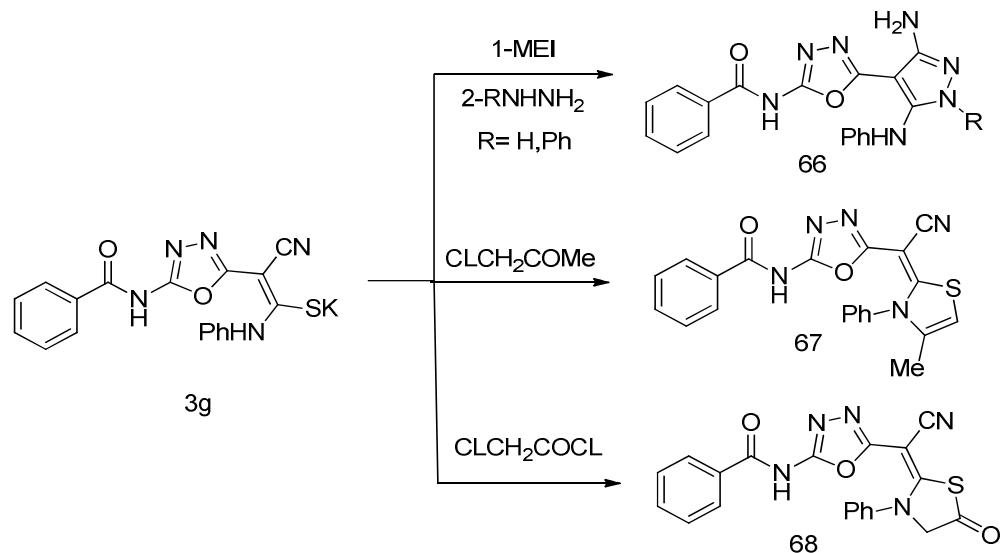
Scheme 27

Compound ketene N, S acetal (Z-form) **3f** reacted with chloroacetyl chloride, *p*-methylphenacyl chloride and ethyl chloroacetate to afford 2-(5-oxothiazolidin-2-ylidene) cyanoacetamide derivative**63**, thiazol-2-ylidene **64** and **65**derivatives^{xxvii}(Scheme 28).



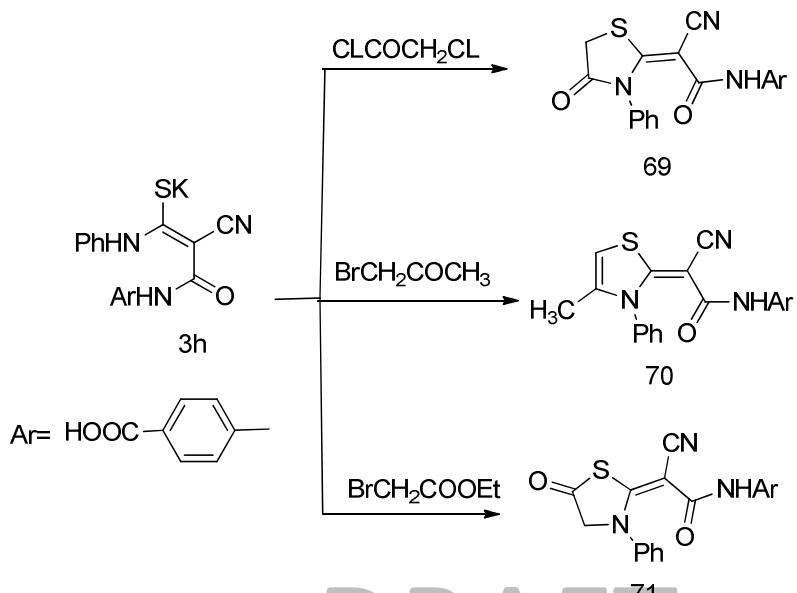
Scheme 28

Treatment of 1, 3, 4-Oxadiazol-2-yl Ketene N, S acetals **3g** (*E*-form) with methyl iodide then hydrazine hydrate or phenyl hydrazine afforded 3-amino pyrazole **66** and also, compound **3g** with chloroacetyl chloride or chloroacetone respectively, under mild reaction conditions afforded thiazol-2-ylidene derivatives **67** and **68**^{vi} (Scheme 29).



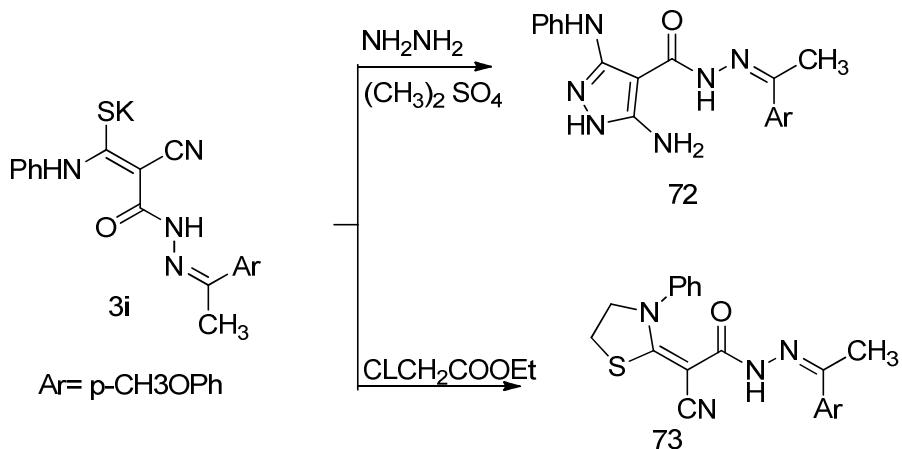
Scheme 29

Heterocyclization of cyano ketene N,S acetal (*E*-form) **3h** with α -halocarbonyl compounds such as: chloroacetyl chloride, bromoacetone and ethyl bromoacetate afforded the corresponding thiazole derivatives **69**, **70** and **71**^{xix} (Scheme 30).



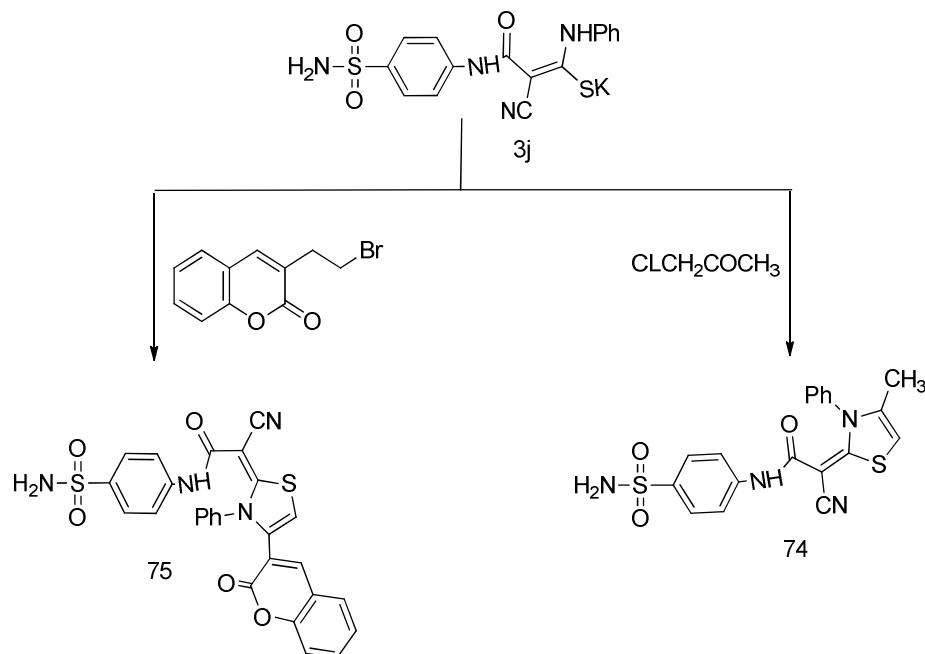
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Scheme 30

Cyclocondensation of the cyano ketene N, S acetal (*E*-form) **3i** with hydrazine hydrate or ethylchloroacetate in boiling ethanol afforded aminopyrazole derivative **72** and 1, 3-thiazolidinone derivative **73**^{xx} (Scheme 31).



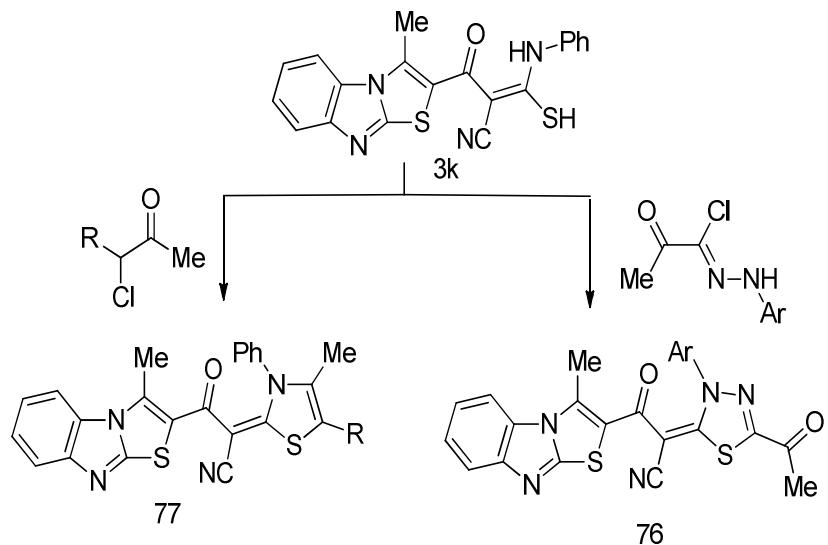
Scheme 31

Heterocyclization of ketene N,S-acetal(*E*-form) **3j** with chloroacetone or 3-(2-bromoacetyl)-2*H*-chromen-2-one) furnished thiazole derivatives **74** and **75^{x,xiv}** (Scheme 32).



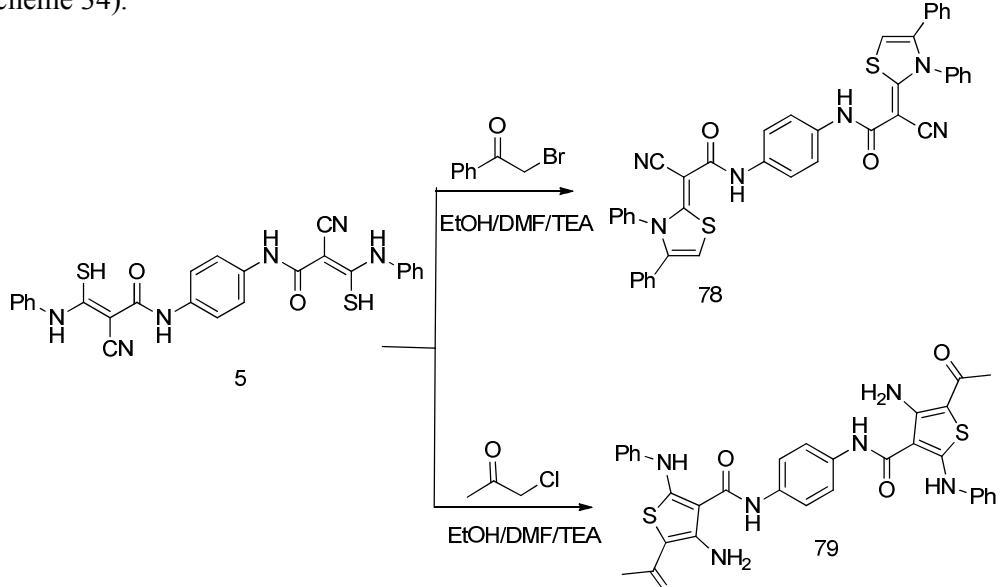
Scheme 32

(E)-3-mercaptop-2-(3-methylbenzo[4,5]imidazo[2,1-b]thiazole-2-carbonyl)-3-phenylamino)acrylonitrile(*E*-form) **3k** reacted with α -chloro acetylacetone or ethyl α -chloroacetoacetate in ethanol resulted in formation of 1,3-thiazole derivatives **76**. Furthermore, the reaction of cyano keteneN,S acetal derivative **3k** with hydrazonyl chlorides under the same reaction conditions afforded 1, 3, 4-thiadiazole derivatives **77^{xxiii}** (Scheme 33).



Scheme 33

Cyano ketene N,S acetal derivative (Z-Form) **5**underwent cyclization upon the reaction with phenacyl bromide in a mixture of ethanol and in presence of triethylamine yielded di (2-cyano-2-(3,4-diphenylthiazol-2(3H)-ylidene)acetamide) **78**and also, by refluxing with chloroacetone in ethanol in presence of triethylamine afforded the thiophene derivative**79^{xxix}** (Scheme 34).



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Scheme 34

VI. References

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